



Road 4 FAME

A Roadmap for Future Architectures and Services for Manufacturing

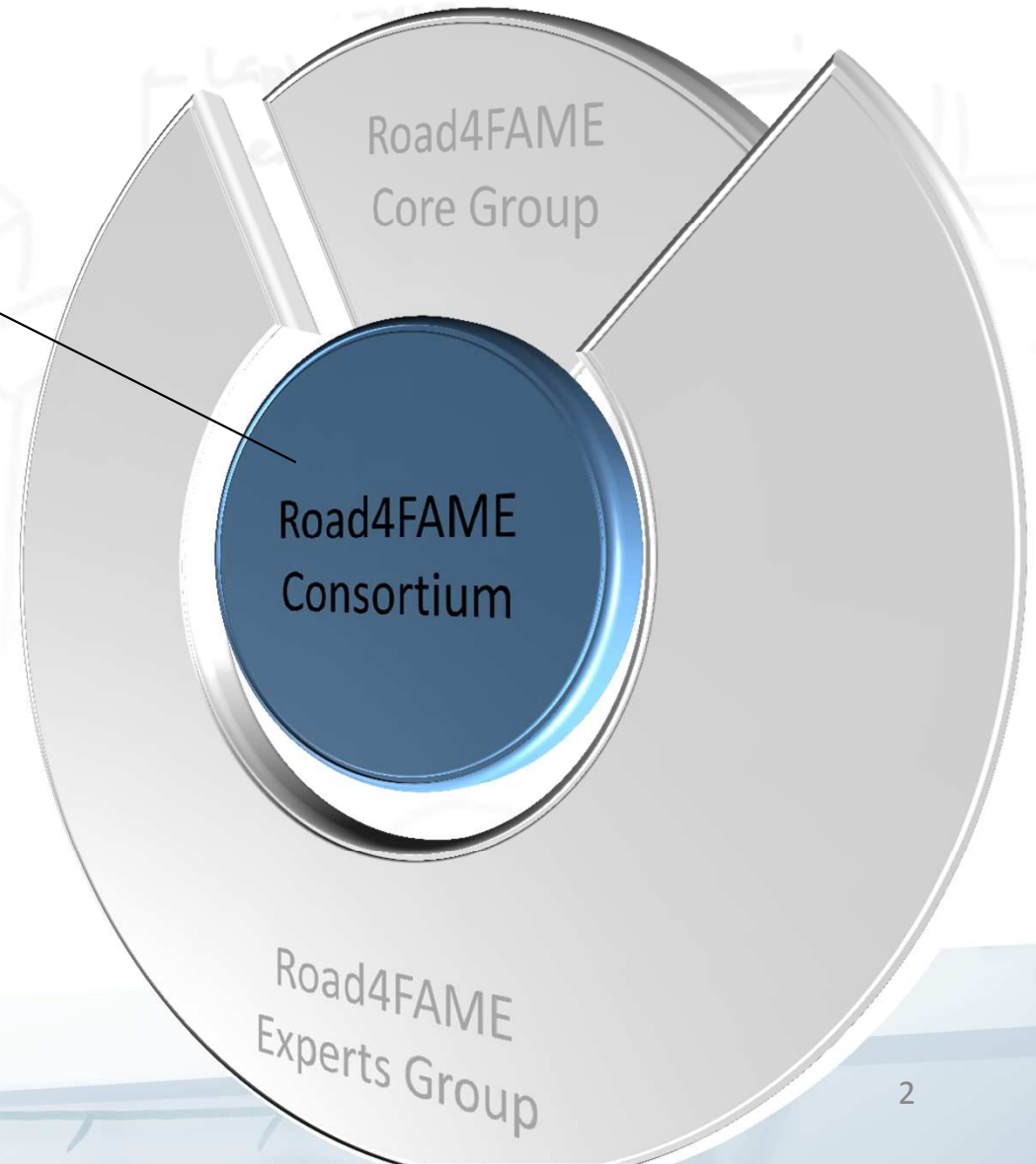
Dr. Nicky Athanassopoulou

Digital Technologies for Manufacturing Innovation: Embracing Industry 4.0

Nottingham, November 30th, 2015

Road4FAME in a nutshell

Roadmapping and technology transfer experts and manufacturing IT experts



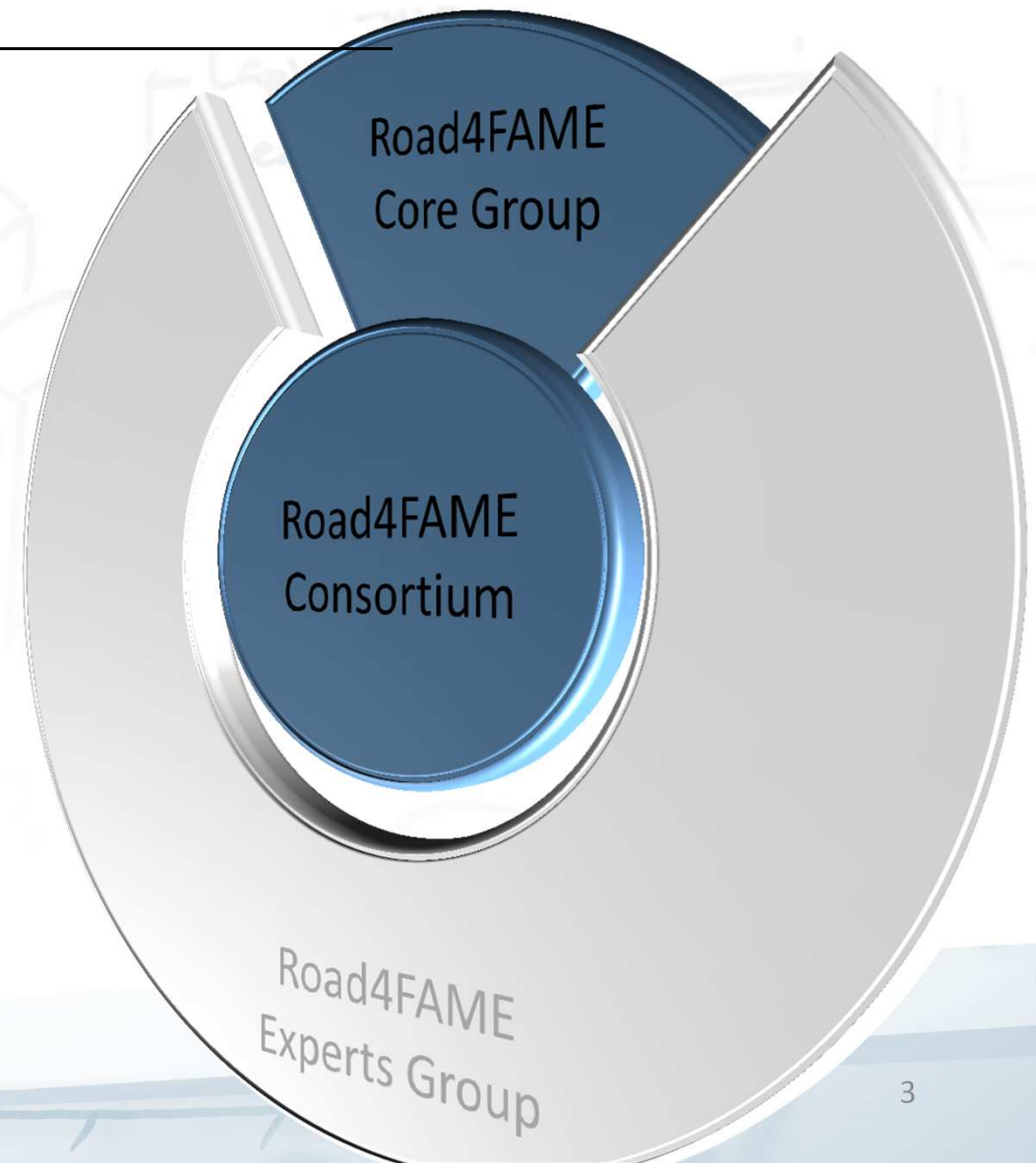
Road4FAME in a nutshell

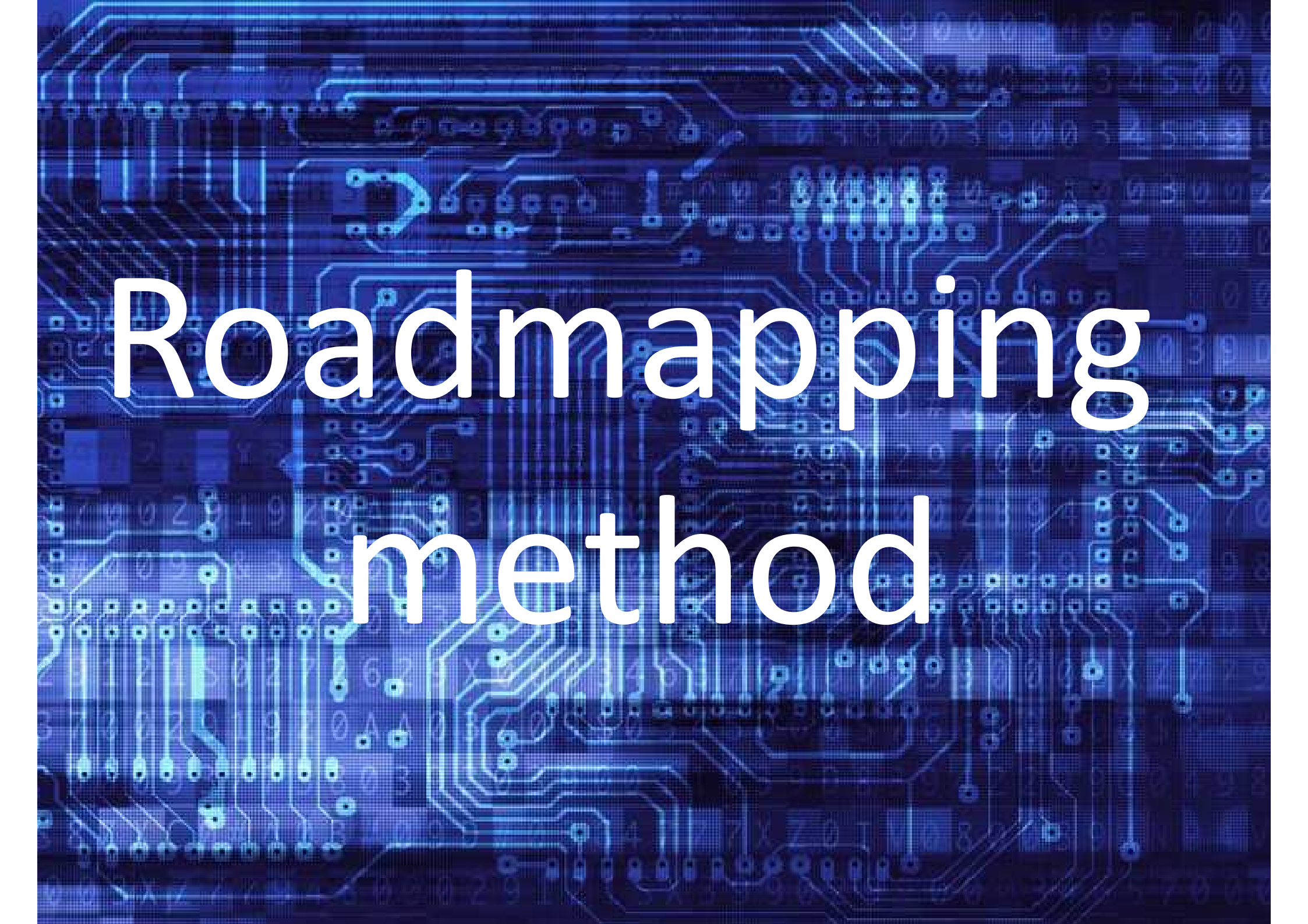
Selected experts and representatives from industry and the FoF roadmapping ecosystem for:

- Strategic advice
- Link to expertise
- Validation of project results
- Multipliers for project results



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Roadmapping method

Methodology



Literature Review of **over 30** public documents and roadmaps)
more than 30 expert consultations / interviews from Industry and academia
 Content Review with **10** specialists from the Expert Panel
4 iterations of the roadmap architecture

Workshop with 15 experts to review, assess and prioritise **the IT Capabilities** required and **Underpinning Research**

57 Required Research and resources shortlisted

119 Trends, Drivers and Needs identified
57 Required Research and resources
4 Working Scenario descriptions

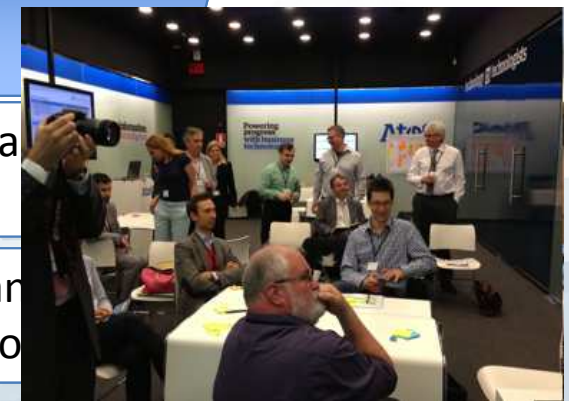
2nd workshop with 18 experts to assess and prioritise Trends, Drivers and Needs, generate the 1st roadmap and recommendations



58 Trends, Drivers and Needs
6 Business Models
39 ICT Solutions
57 Required Research and resources

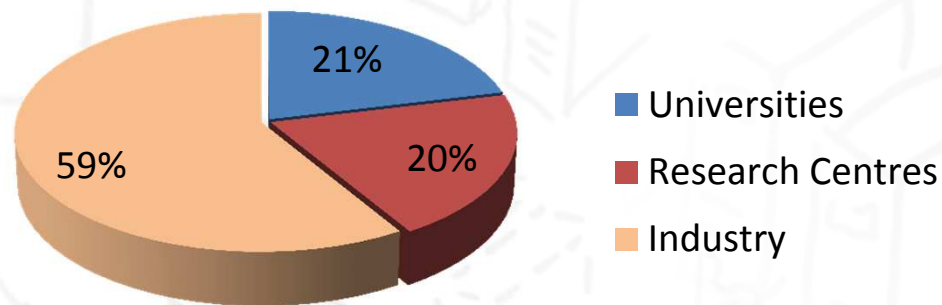
Workshop with 45 experts generate the final roadmap and recommendations

3rd workshop with 15 experts to assess relevant business models and innovation recommendations

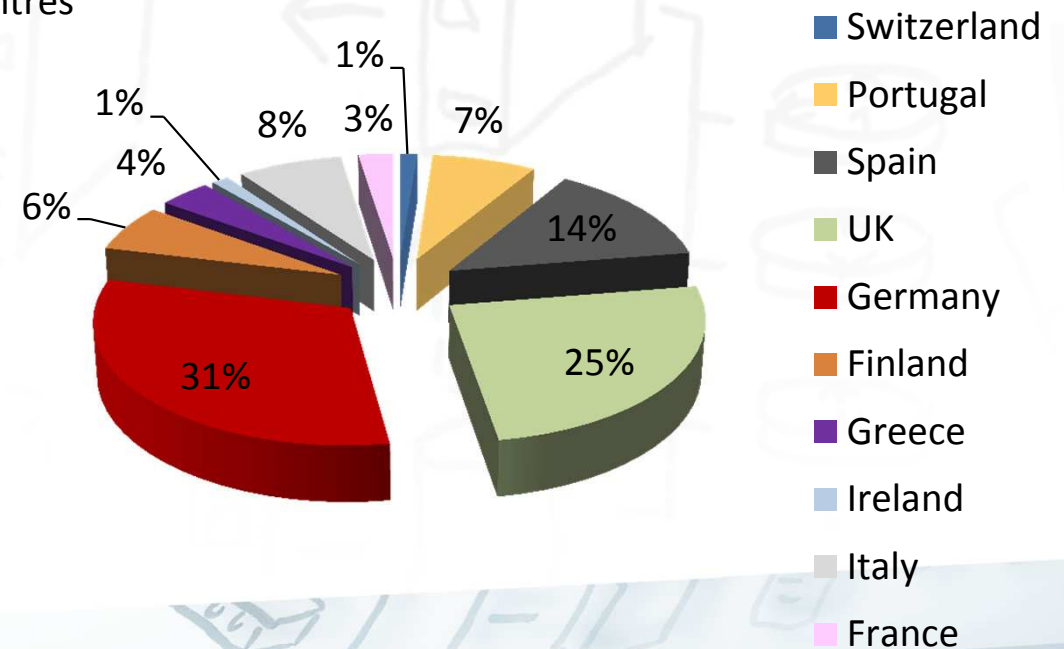


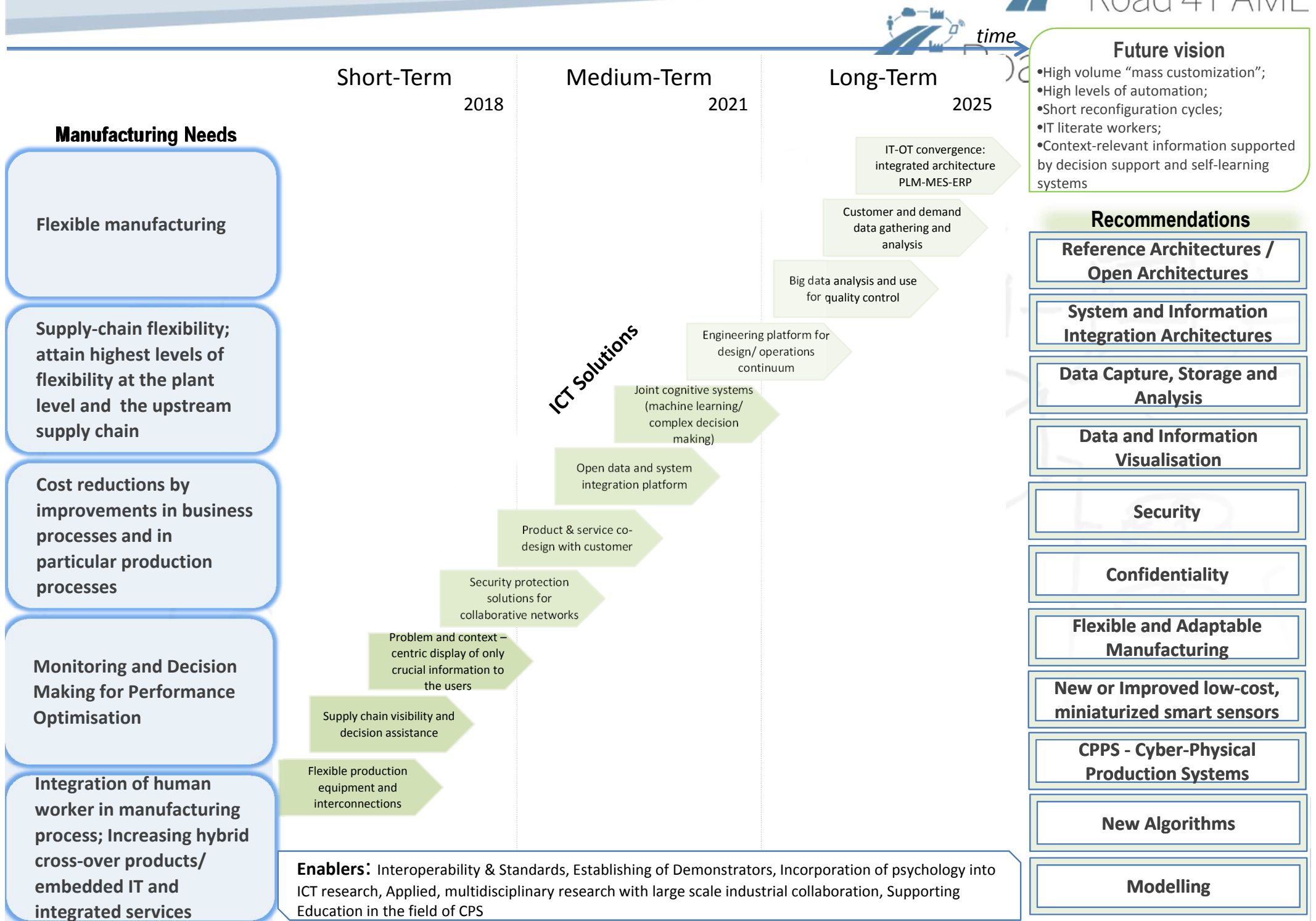
Methodology

Participation per type of organisation



Participation per EU Country



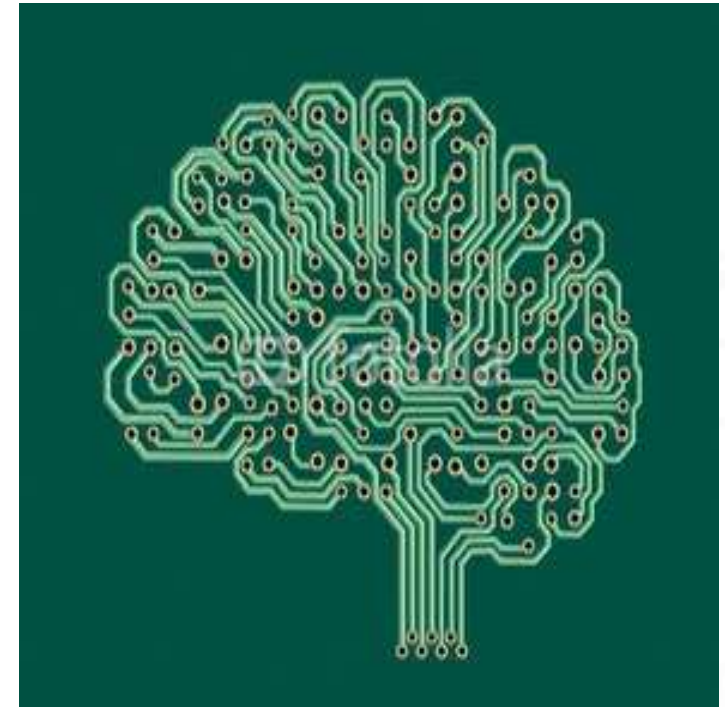




ICT Solutions

Top ICT Solutions

- **Flexible production equipment** and interconnections
- **Supply chain visibility** and decision assistance/
ICT platform for advanced **supply chain decision support**
- Problem and **context-centric display** of only crucial information to the users
- **Security** solutions for collaborative networks
- Product and service **co-design** with customer
- **Open data and system integration platform** for unstructured data environment
- Joint **Cognitive Systems** for decision support (machine learning/ complex decision making)
- **Engineering Platform** for design/operations continuum
- **Big data** analysis and use for **quality** control
- Customer and **demand data gathering** for analysis
- IT-OT convergence: **integrated architecture PLM-MES-ERP**





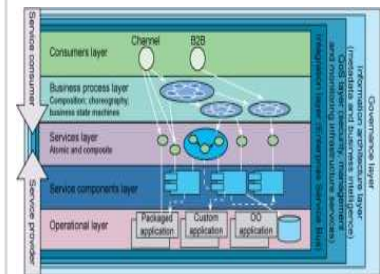
Recommendations

Recommendations – ICT Architectures/Services



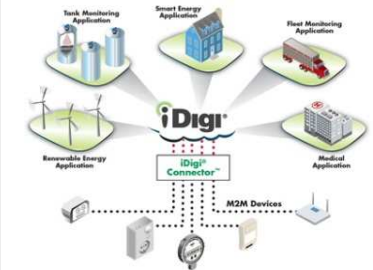
Reference Architectures / Open Architectures

Many projects have generated reference architectures. These could be transformed into open architectures, which can be either implemented or further developed or adapted by other projects to improve them further.



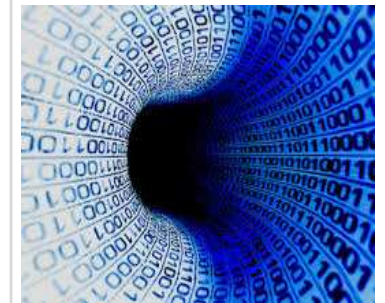
System and Information Integration Architectures

System and Information Integration Architectures are becoming increasingly important due to the growing heterogeneity, amount of information and system components available and they need to be developed to cope with this challenge.



Data Capture, Storage and Analysis

Technology to capture, store and analyze data is advancing from a technical standpoint, but specifically from a methodical and legal side further developments are needed to enable efficient sensible data and information handling, enabling business models and innovation, while protecting individuals and companies.



Recommendations - ICT Infrastructures

Flexible and Adaptable Manufacturing

Self-adapting, resilient and reconfigurable manufacturing environments need to be facilitated by standardization of intra- and inter-machine communication. Wireless technologies, context awareness, human-interaction and self-learning (e.g. for production configuration) mechanisms, etc. can significantly contribute to efficiency improvements of the (re-) configuration, ramp-up, and optimisation



New or Improved low-cost, miniaturized smart sensors

Sensors need to become cheaper, smarter, smaller and more energy efficient, to enable new applications that until now were not possible or viable enough due to technological and economic restraints.



CPPS - Cyber-Physical Production Systems

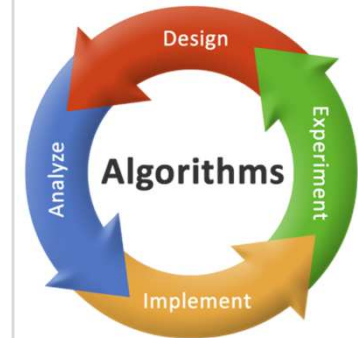
CP(P)S concepts need to be further evaluated and implemented. Certain standards such as self-description, integration/interface, intercommunication and orchestration need to be developed for on platform and system level.



Recommendations – Other Technologies

New Algorithms

The development of easy to use algorithms for analysis, and real time prediction needs to both address various manufacturing enterprises and also be time and resource efficient and cost effective, especially for SMEs. It also has to incorporate knowledge from other domains, where necessary. Furthermore, the algorithms should be able to be executed in a distributed manner to ensure their applicability in manufacturing environments.



Modelling


The development of smarter and better information and domain models can provide not only design details but also greater predictive capacity in order to reduce physical prototyping needs or construction of pilot plants. Simulations, virtual reality, tacit knowledge modelling and User eXperience (UX) of mathematical modelling potentially supports problem solving, decision support and rapid prototyping.



Enablers

- **Interoperability and Standards**
- Establishment of **Demonstrators**
- Incorporation of **psychology** into **ICT research**
- Applied, **multidisciplinary research** with large scale **industrial collaboration**
- Supporting **Education** in the field of **CPS**





Thank you