

Department of Mechanical Engineering



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Process Control For Wire-Arc Additive Manufacturing

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Department of Mechanical Engineering



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Process Control For Wire-Arc Additive Manufacturing

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- 1 Concept of WAAM
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3 Rolling Assisted Wire Feed Direct Deposition

4 Realisation of Multi-Sensor System

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1 Concept of WAAM



Schematic of WAAM process

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WAAM depositing process

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• WAAM is a arc-based Additive Manufacturing technique.

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- WAAM can build large part with low cost.
- WAAM can achieve high energy efficiency.





Concept of WAAM Titanium Component production The deposition coordinates are then transferred to the DMD production unit, realizing the production of the component.

Source: http://www.norsktitanium.com/





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2 Challenges to WAAM

Distortion & Residual Stress are an challenges in WAAM

Shrinkage and uneven cooling rate are the main reasons for distortion and residual stress

Too many factors are involved in the WAAM process, such as welding voltage, welding current, feeding speed, ambient temperature, protecting gas flow rate, etc.

Still lack of systematic metrology method for WAAM



Aeroplane near net-shape part



WAAM produced part tilts up due to the residual stress









3 RAWFEED - Concept



Video Source: Cranfield University





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- ROLLING every layer after it was deposited to improve the microstructure and the mechanical property of the material
- This method has been proved to be effectively reduced 30% ~ 50% distortion.

Ref: Colegrove, P. a., *et al.* (2013). *Journal of Materials Processing*



3 RAWFEED - Demo





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4 Multi-Sensor System – Requirements

Real-time monitoring system to monitor:

- Shape to provide feedback for rolling system
- Heat to avoid excess heat input/output which may cause distortion
- Oxygen level to prevent part from oxidation

Multi-Sensor Framework – Aims

Factors monitored:

6 Profile

1 Oxygen Level 2 Gas Flow Rate 3 Current 7 Wire Feed Speed (WFS) 4 Voltage 5 Temperature 8 Welder Travel speed

4 Multi-Sensor Framework – System Topology

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4 Realization of Multi-sensor System

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Multi-Sensor System – Laser Scanner 4

4 Multi-Sensor System – Laser Scanner Result

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Voltage Signal fluctuated within a small range.

The reason is under invertigation.

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It might be due to the continuous periodic metal wire melting and dropping

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The signal data distribution roughly conforms to the Normal Distribution, and the noise might be able to be eliminated by Kilman Filter

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Average Height Variation along Y axis 4

4 Realization of the System – Structure

5 Conclusions

- The main problems in the WAAM process have been analysed and a novel integrated monitoring solution proposed.
- A multi-sensor system has been built to monitor the WAAM process.
- The specified system shows that for a WAAM machine with an integrated rolling process to be monitored and controlled, a wide range of sensors needs to be configured and used.

Any Questions?

